



PART – A

1. Arrange the given words in alphabetical order and choose the one that comes second.

- A) Explosion B) Emergency C) Ecstasy D) Eager

Direction : A foreign expression and four English phrases are given. Identify the meaning of the foreign expression from the choices.

2. esprit de corps

- A) Eternal truth B) Pertaining to the senses
C) Similar feeling shared by the group D) Linguistic group

Direction : Identify the meaning of underlined word as used in the sentence, from among four alternatives.

3. In Maharashtra the turmoil in the education system has percolated right down to the preprimary level.

- A) State of confusion B) State of uproar
C) State of negligence D) State of change

Direction : An idiom and four possible meaning are given, identify the meaning of the idiom from among the answer choices.

4. A bird's-eye view

- A) without care B) within the walls
C) an overall view D) out of place

Direction : Fill in the blanks in the given sentence to make it logically and grammatically correct

5. _____ about nine month ago, john was in excellent health.

- A) Until B) In C) At D) As

Direction : A sentence is written in four different forms. Only one of them is grammatically correct. Choose the correct sentence as your answer.

6. A) Everyone of the students have produced his identity card.
B) Everyone of the students has produced his identity card.
C) Everyone of the student has produced his identity card.
D) Everyone of the students have produced their identity card.



Direction : Four alternative substitutes are given for the underline portion. Identify the choice that replace the underline part to form a logical and grammatically correct statement.

7. My friend asked me when had I completed my work.

- A) when I will have complete my work B) when had I completed my work
C) when I had completed my work D) I would have my work completed

Direction : A word and four jumbled choices are given. One of the choices, when properly arranged, give the meaning of the word. Identify the correct choice.

8. DAMAGE

- A) CLOCLET B) UNIJRY C) TEOTLRAE D) AEDMND

Direction : From the choices, select the most suitable synonym for the main word.

9. DETER

- A) distract B) suppress C) discourage D) contaminate

Direction : From the choices, select the most suitable antonym for the main word.

10. EXPEDIENT

- A) necessary B) harmful C) relevant D) imprudent

Direction : There is a certain relation between two given words on one side of :: and one word is given on another side of :: while another word is to be found from the given alternatives , having the same relation with this word as the given pair has. Select the best alternative.

11. Clock : Time :: Thermometer : ?

- A) Heat B) Radiation C) Energy D) Temperature

Direction : There is a certain relation between two given numbers on one side of :: and one number is given on another side of :: while another number is to be found from the given alternatives , having the same relation with this number as the given pair has. Select the best alternative.

12. 1 : 1 :: 25 : ?

- A) 26 B) 125 C) 240 D) 625

Direction : In the given question, four words have been given, out of which three are alike in some manner and the fourth one is different. Choose out the odd one.

13. A) Chair B) Bench C) Table D) Stool



Direction : In the given question, four numbers are given. Out of these, three are alike in a certain way but the rest one is different. Choose the one which is different from the rest three.

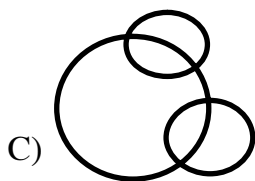
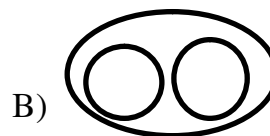
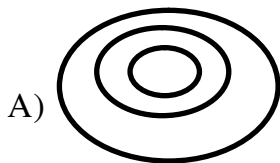
14. A) 10 B) 26 C) 24 D) 21

Direction : In the given question, a number series is given with one term missing. Choose the correct alternative that will continue the same pattern.

15. 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, (...), 17
 A) 12 B) 13 C) 14 D) 15

16. If in a certain language, MONKEY is coded as XDJMNL, how is TIGER coded in that code ?
 A) QDFHS B) SDFHS C) SHFDQ D) UJHFS

17. Which of the following diagrams correctly represents Carrot, Food, Vegetable ?



18. If \times means \div , $-$ means \times , \div means $+$ and $+$ means $-$, then

$(3 - 15 \div 19) \times 8 + 6 = ?$

- A) 8 B) 4 C) 2 D) -1

19. If Mary was 32 years old 8 years ago, how old was she, x years ago ?

- A) $x-40$ B) $x-24$ C) $40-x$ D) $24-x$

20. If one third of one fourth of a number is 15, then three tenth of that number is:

- A) 35 B) 36 C) 45 D) 54



21. Choose the odd one
- A) Throw down the gauntlet: UN peace keeping
 - B) In the altogether: Bath tub
 - C) The halcyon days: Childhood
 - D) The real McCoy: Darjeeling Tea
22. If $A : B = 2 : 3$, $B : C = 4 : 5$ and $C : D = 6 : 7$, then $A : B : C : D$ is equal to
- A) 16 : 22 : 30 : 35
 - B) 16 : 24 : 15 : 35
 - C) 16 : 24 : 30 : 35
 - D) 18 : 24 : 30 : 35
23. A speed of 14 meters per second is the same as
- A) 28 km/hr
 - B) 46.6 km/hr
 - C) 50.4 km/hr
 - D) 70 km/hr
24. The Kane Wildlife Sanctuary is located in the State of
- A) Madhya Pradesh
 - B) Arunachal Pradesh
 - C) Uttrakhand
 - D) Bihar
25. Four States in India will jointly conduct elephant census using direct and indirect methods. These States are
- A) Uttar Pradesh, Uttrakhand, Jharkhand, Orissa
 - B) Uttar Pradesh, West Bengal, Orissa, Jharkhand
 - C) Jharkhand, Orissa, West Bengal, Chhattisgarh
 - D) Madhya Pradesh, Uttar Pradesh, Jharkhand, Orissa
26. “Empirically verifiable observation” is
- A) Theory
 - B) Value
 - C) Fact
 - D) Statement
27. Social Science deals with
- A) Objects
 - B) Human beings
 - C) Living things
 - D) Non-living things
28. Ethnography, grounded theory and action research are all
- A) Examples of research methodologies
 - B) Examples of data gathering methods
 - C) Fundamental philosophies
 - D) Theoretical frameworks
29. “Scientific Social Survey and Research” is written by
- A) Best John
 - B) Emory
 - C) Clover
 - D) P.V. Young
30. The method by which a sample is chosen
- A) Unit
 - B) Design
 - C) Random
 - D) Census



31. Basing conclusions without any bias and value judgment is
A) Objectivity B) Specificity C) Values D) Facts
32. Population Census is an example of _____ Research.
A) Survey B) Empirical C) Clinical D) Diagnostic
33. Which of the following is an example of primary data ?
A) Book B) Journal
C) Field Survey Data D) Census Report
34. Testing hypothesis is a
A) Inferential statistics B) Descriptive statistics
C) Data preparation D) Data analysis
35. ICSSR stands for
A) Indian Council for Survey and Research
B) Indian Council for Strategic Research
C) Indian Council for Social Science Research
D) Inter National Council for Social Science Research
36. Every research project should begin with
A) A statement of the research
B) A decision about the data gathering methods to be used
C) A decision about the research methodology to be used
D) An understanding of the overall conclusion that will be drawn
37. Which of the following is desirable in a questionnaire ?
A) Emotionally toned questions
B) Too broad questions
C) Two ideas in one question
D) Questions which will elicit valid and reliable answers
38. When a hypothesis is stated negatively it is called
A) Hypothesis B) Situational Hypothesis
C) Null Hypothesis D) Casual Hypothesis
39. Survey is a _____ Study.
A) Descriptive B) Fact finding C) Analytical D) Systematic
40. Bibliography means
A) Footnote B) Quotations
C) List of Books referred D) Biography



41. Data related to human beings are called
- A) Territorial data
 - B) Organizational data
 - C) Peripheral data
 - D) Demographic data
42. Quantitative data are data in the form of
- A) Images
 - B) Numbers, numerical data
 - C) Attitudes
 - D) Impressions
43. Which is the technique of investigation involving face to face conversation ?
- A) Questionnaire
 - B) Interview
 - C) Observation
 - D) Sociometry
44. All the physical components of the computer are collectively called
- A) Software
 - B) Hardware
 - C) Firmware
 - D) Circuit
45. The theoretical framework emerges from
- A) The conceptual framework
 - B) Library sources
 - C) Internet sources
 - D) Data gathering
46. Simple random sampling, stratified sampling and systematic sampling are all examples of
- A) Snowball sampling
 - B) Non-probability sampling
 - C) Probability sampling
 - D) Judgmental sampling
47. SPSS, Atlas ti and NVivo are all examples of
- A) Conceptual frameworks
 - B) Methodological frameworks
 - C) Data analysis software packages
 - D) Analytical frameworks
48. Sometimes respondents don't answer all the questions in a questionnaire, these non- responses become
- A) Critical data
 - B) Outlying data
 - C) Missing data
 - D) Significant data
49. Percentages
- A) Are the same as ratios
 - B) Can be used to calculate the standard deviation
 - C) Are a good approximation of the interquartile range
 - D) A particular kind of scale with measures of 1 to 100
50. A conclusion in research is essentially
- A) A guess
 - B) A judgment, a final decision
 - C) A supposition
 - D) A proposition



PART – B

51. The Preamble of the Constitution refers
A) Mirror of the Constitution B) Constitution in its Totality
C) Face of the Constitution D) All of Above
52. The International Women’s Day is celebrated on
A) 5th March B) 7th March C) 8th March D) 10th March
53. The Chairman of *Rajya Sabha* is
A) Chief Justice B) President
C) Vice President D) Attorney General
54. The Chairman of *Lok Sabha* is
A) Chief Justice B) President
C) Vice President D) Speaker
55. The Indian State having its own Constitution is
A) Punjab B) Uttar Pradesh
C) Kerala D) Jammu and Kashmir
56. Directive Principles of State Policy is discussed in which part of Indian Constitution ?
A) Part – I B) Part – II C) Part – III D) Part – IV
57. Liberty ,Equality, Fraternity are the slogans of
A) American War of Independence B) Indian Independence
C) French Revolution D) Bangladesh Independence
58. “*State is known by the rights that it maintains*”, is propounded by
A) J. J. Rousseau B) Antonio Gramsci
C) Thomas Hobbes D) Herald Laski
59. The theory of Social Contract is first propounded by
A) Thomas Hobbes B) John Locke
C) J. J. Rousseau D) Karl Marx
60. ‘*Two Treaties of Government*’ is written by
A) J. J. Rousseau B) Antonio Gramsci
C) Thomas Hobbes D) John Locke
61. Right to Information Act of 2005 primarily helps in bringing
A) Legal Reforms B) Political Reforms
C) Social Integrity D) Transparent Administration



62. Right to Information Act is intended to
- A) Empower the people
 - B) Inform the people
 - C) Make people participate
 - D) All of Above
63. The best philosophy of respecting human rights by Mahatma Gandhi is
- A) Sarvodaya
 - B) Swadesh
 - C) Truthfulness
 - D) Non-Violence
64. Economic right includes
- A) Right to Life
 - B) Right to Work
 - C) Right to Education
 - D) Right to Speech
65. A Democratic form of Government does not include
- A) People's participation
 - B) Rule of Law
 - C) Non-Transparency
 - D) Integrated Judiciary
66. The term "General Will" propounded by
- A) Hobbes
 - B) Rousseau
 - C) Green
 - D) Gandhi
67. SMART Governance connotes
- A) Simple, Market driven, Answerable, Rehabilitated, Trained
 - B) Single, Moral, Answerable, Responsible, Trustworthy
 - C) Simple, Moral, Accountable, Responsive, Transparent
 - D) Smart, Mortal, Accountable, Reasonable, Transparent
68. The right against exploitation prohibits children
- A) Below 14 years of age from employment in family businesses
 - B) Below 14 years of age from being employed in hazardous occupations
 - C) Below 14 years from working on family farms
 - D) From doing all the above
69. Sustainable Development refers to
- A) Development for infinity
 - B) Development that lasts
 - C) Permanent development
 - D) Development for at least three generations



70. The Human Rights obligation's are
A) To respect B) To protect C) To fulfill D) All of Above
71. Engaging child in hazardous labor was declared unconstitutional in the case of
A) Vishakha V State of Rajasthan B) Menaka Gandhi V Union of India
C) S.P. Gupta V Union of India D) Sheela Barse V State of Bihar
72. The Right of Children to have Free and Compulsory Education was enacted in the year
A) 2009 B) 2010 C) 2011 D) 2012
73. The 73rd Constitutional Amendment Act provided Women of India
A) Political Empowerment B) Economic Empowerment
C) Social Empowerment D) Legal Empowerment
74. The Indian Constitution was adopted in
A) 26th January 1950 B) 24th January 1950
C) 15th August 1947 D) 21st December 1948
75. Which of the following Fundamental Rights have been deleted from the Constitution through the Constitutional Amendment ?
A) Right against exploitation B) Right of freedom of religion
C) Right of property D) Freedom of speech and expression
76. The basic difference between the Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles is
A) Fundamental Rights are Positive while Directive Principles are Negative
B) Directive Principles are given precedence over the Fundamental Rights by the Court in all the cases
C) Fundamental Rights are constitutional while Directive Principles are not
D) None of the above
77. Which one of the following rights of Indian Constitution guarantees all the fundamental rights to every resident of country ?
A) Right against exploitation B) Right to freedom
C) Right to equality D) Right to constitutional remedies
78. An Ideal State with perfect justice under philosophers as rulers was pictured in
A) Machiavelli's 'Prince' B) Aristotle's 'Politics'
C) Plato's 'Republic' D) Hobbes' 'Leviathan'
79. The term untouchable caste was made use of for the first time by which Commission ?
A) Simon Commission B) National Commission
C) Kalalkar Commission D) The Backward Class Commission



80. The Amnesty International Human Rights Award, 2016 is awarded to
A) Louise Arbour
B) Bertrand Ramcharan
C) Christine Lagarde
D) Henri Tiphagne
81. The system of Public Interest Litigation has been introduced in India
A) Through Constitutional Amendment
B) By Judicial Initiative
C) By Political Parties
D) By a Parliamentary Act
82. National Commission for Women was created by
A) Amending the Constitution
B) A decision of the Union Cabinet
C) An Act passed by Parliament
D) An order of the President of India
83. National Commission for Women was established in
A) January, 1992
B) February, 1992
C) March, 1992
D) December, 1992
84. The present Chairman of National Commission for Women is
A) Ms. Rekha Sharma
B) Ms. Sushma Swaraj
C) Ms. Jayanti Natrajan
D) Ms. Lalitha Kumaramangalam
85. The main aim of National Commission of Women is to
A) Protecting and promoting the interest of women
B) Safeguarding women
C) Assisting women in grievance redressal
D) All of the above
86. National Commission for Women is situated in
A) New Delhi
B) Pondicherry
C) Chennai
D) Mumbai
87. Untouchability has been abolished by the Constitution of India under
A) Article 14
B) Article 15
C) Article 16
D) Article 17
88. Prohibition of discrimination on grounds of religion, race, caste, sex or place of birth is a Fundamental Right classifiable under
A) Right to freedom of religion
B) Right to equality
C) Right against exploitation
D) None of these
89. 'Maximum good of the maximum number' is the foundational maxim of which of the following theories of human rights ?
A) Social Contract Theory
B) Utilitarian Theory
C) Marxian Theory
D) Positivist Theory



95. Match **List – I** with **List – II** and select the correct answer from the codes given below :

List – I

- a. Right to Life
- b. Right to Work
- c. Right to get Elected
- d. Right to safe Environment

List – II

- i. Collective Right
- ii. Civil Right
- iii. Economic Right
- iv. Political Right

Codes :

- | | a | b | c | d |
|----|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| A) | ii | iii | iv | i |
| B) | i | ii | iii | iv |
| C) | iii | ii | i | iv |
| D) | ii | iii | i | iv |

96. The first generation of human rights includes

- A) civil and political rights
- B) economic rights
- C) cultural rights
- D) religious rights

97. Who among the following argued that ‘justice is the first virtue of social institutions’ ?

- A) G.W.F. Hegel
- B) Karl Marx
- C) Charles Taylor
- D) John Rawls

98. The Constitution of India recognizes

- A) Only religious minorities
- B) Only linguistic minorities
- C) Religious and linguistic minorities
- D) Religious, linguistic, and ethnic minorities

99. In which one of the following systems of Government is bicameralism an essential feature ?

- A) Presidential system
- B) Parliamentary system
- C) Federal system
- D) Unitary system

100. Negative Liberty connotes

- A) Absence of constraint of law
 - B) Absence of external hindrances
 - C) Freedom to pursue one’s own good
 - D) Freedom to choose
-



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